

Introduction. Energy is the important foundation of human survival and economic development. With the rapid development of the global economy, the traditional non-renewable fossil energy such as coal, petroleum, and natural gas appears to be decreasing, and the burning of fossil fuels brings about greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide and other chemical ...

The molecular design of a wide-bandgap polymer donor is critical to achieve high-performance organic photovoltaic devices. Herein, a new dibenzo-fused quinoxalineimide (BPQI) is successfully synthesized as an electron-deficient building block to construct donor-acceptor (D-A)-type polymers, namely P(BPQI-BDT) and P(BPQI-BDTT), using benzodithiophene and ...

In this paper, two novel donor-acceptor (D-A) and donor-donor (D-D) conjugated polymers containing dithieno[3,2-b:2',3'-d]pyrrole in combined respectively with thieno[3,4-c]pyrrole-4,6-dione and benzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']dithiophene derivatives were synthesized successfully via direct (hetero) arylation polymerization where the Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and PCy<sub>3</sub>.HBF<sub>4</sub> have been ...

m-ITIC (Yang et al., 2016; Figure 2) was blended with the donor polymers for fabricating solar cells. The UV-visible absorption spectrum of the polymers blended with ITIC were found to be comparable except for the stronger absorption bands observed for the P13:m-ITIC blend, which could contribute toward a higher J<sub>SC</sub> of the devices. The HOMO energy levels ...

Context The development of high-efficiency photovoltaic devices is the need of time with increasing demand for energy. Herein, we designed seven small molecule donors (SMDs) with A-p-D-p-A backbones containing various acceptor groups for high-efficiency organic solar cells (OSCs). Molecular engineering was performed by substituting the acceptor group in ...

Dopant-free HTMs in n-i-p PSCs should ensure selective hole extraction, prevent direct contact between the perovskite and the metal electrode, and improve photo and thermal stability [22], [23]. Among the molecular design strategies of polymers, D-A copolymers composed of electron-donating (D) units and electron-accepting (A) units have been proven to be the ...

Polymer solar cells (PSCs) provide an alternative and innovative method for harvesting solar energy, which is a fully renewable source, holding great promise for fabricating lightweight and flexible devices through solution-processing techniques. ... 53, 61-73] Moreover, a number of high-efficiency donor polymers also have been explored without ...

In the past few years, the emergence of nonfullerene (n-type organic semiconductor (n-OS)) acceptors

combining with the rational design of conjugated polymer donor materials has dominated the rapid development of highly efficient polymer solar cells (PSCs). Relative to the traditional fullerene derivative ac

The most widely investigated is the hybrid organic-inorganic methyl ammonium lead halides  $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{Pb}(\text{I};\text{Cl};\text{Br})_3$  that produced certified efficiencies reaching 20.1% in less than 3 years of development []. The main advantages of hybrid metal halide perovskites are simple processability, compatible with large-scale solution processing such as roll-to-roll printing, and ...

Organic photovoltaic cells made with semiconducting polymers remain one of the most promising technologies for low-cost solar energy due to their compatibility with roll-to-roll printing techniques. The development of new light-absorbing polymers has driven tremendous advances in the power conversion efficiency of these devices. In particular, the use of ...

Here, we demonstrate efficient all-polymer solar cells (all-PSCs) based on a polymer acceptor named PFBDT-IDTIC. By combining PFBDT-IDTIC with a fluorinated donor polymer (PM6), a high power conversion efficiency of 10.3% can be achieved, which is the highest value reported to date for single-junction all-PSCs.

The photoactive layer of an OPV cell generally consists of a p-type organic semiconductor as the electron donor and an n-type counterpart as the electron acceptor. ... A spirobifluorene and diketopyrrolopyrrole moieties based non-fullerene acceptor for efficient and thermally stable polymer solar cells with high open-circuit voltage. Energy ...

Over the past decades, polymer solar cells (PSCs) which contain conjugated polymers as electron donor and/or acceptor materials in active layers have achieved the power conversion efficiency (PCE) over 17%. Among them, tremendous alternative donor-acceptor (D-A) type conjugated copolymers have been reported as donor materials.

Organic solar cells have emerged as promising alternatives to traditional inorganic solar cells due to their low cost, flexibility, and tunable properties. This mini review introduces a novel perspective on recent advancements in organic solar cells, providing an overview of the latest developments in materials, device architecture, and performance optimization. In ...

The development of high-efficiency polymers and small molecules for PV applications has largely stemmed from the use of donor-acceptor (D-A) systems, whereby an electron-rich moiety ("donor") is covalently bound to an electron-deficient ("acceptor") moiety. In these D-A type systems the change in electron distribution between D ...

Third-generation solar cells, including dye-sensitized solar cells, bulk-heterojunction solar cells, and perovskite solar cells, are being intensively researched to obtain high efficiencies in converting solar energy



# High electron donor polymers photovoltaics

into electricity. However, it is also important to note their stability over time and the devices' thermal or operating temperature range. Today's ...

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