

Among the various thermal energy storage methods, phase change materials (PCM)-based latent heat storage is one of the most efficient technologies being actively pursued owing to its operational simplicity and comparable energy storage density [13]. As thermal storage materials, PCMs are capable of reversibly harvesting large amounts of thermal ...

The microstructure, crystalline phase, thermal energy storage properties, thermal conductivity, and thermal stability of PEG2000/CNT@Cr-MIL-101-NH₂ shape-stabilized PCM composite were investigated. In the PCM composite system, CNTs as heat transfer channels were uniformly dispersed and coated by MOFs particles could form mutual ...

As one of typical metal organic frameworks (MOFs), MIL-101 (Cr) has potential application in adsorption heat pumps. However, traditional hydrothermal synthetic technology of MIL-101 (Cr) requires high reaction temperature and has a low yield, which hinders its promotion. In this work, a new facile synthetic strategy of MIL-101(Cr) using a mixture of N,N- ...

In order to address the leakage issue and enhance the thermal conductivity of phase change material (PCM), a composite carrier for shape-stabilized phase change material is developed for thermal energy management of battery. Metal organic framework (MOF): MIL-101-NH₂, reduced graphene oxide (RGO), and paraffin wax (PW) were combined into a shape ...

Among these MOFs, MIL-101 type MOFs have been widely concerned on catalysis, gas adsorption or separation, drug transport, and energy storage because of its high porosity (specific surface area up to 4000 m² ·g⁻¹), excellent thermal robustness and chemical stability [31], [32], [33], [34].

This composite material greatly improves the adsorption capacity and heat storage density of MIL-101 (Cr) under low water vapor partial pressure, and its preparation method is simple, which is suitable for large-scale industrial production and is expected to become a candidate material for low-temperature heat storage. ... Wang R. Z.; Zhang Y ...

In general, thermal energy storage can be grouped into three main categories: sensible heat storage [2,3], latent heat storage (e.g. phase change materials) [[4], [5], [6]], and thermochemical heat storage [[7], [8], [9]]. ... In this paper, we reported the synthesis, characterization and heat storage properties of functionalized MIL-101(Cr)-X ...

The thermal management of electronic devices has attracted significant research attention in the recent year. However, the commonly used thermal management materials at this stage are mainly phase change materials (PCMs), which are limited by their relatively low enthalpy. In this study, the metal-organic framework

MIL-101(Cr) was synthesised by an ...

to compound with MIL-101 (Cr). N^oTsoukpoe et al.⁶ evaluated the applicability of 125 hydrated salts, among which LiCl and LaCl₃ have higher heat storage density than other salts. The article mentioned that the thermal storage density of MgCl₂ can reach 1252.8 kJ/g, LaCl₃ has a thermal storage density of 957.6 J/g, and LiCl has a thermal ...

For example, Wang¹¹ group demonstrated that the thermal conductivity of Cr-MIL-101-NH₂-based PCM composite was enhanced by 100.9% by adding 5.16 wt% high conductive additives ... The thermal energy storage properties for all samples were investigated from 0 °C to 100 °C at rate of 5 °C/min using a differential scanning calorimeter (DSC ...

Polyethylene terephthalate (PET) as one of non-degradable wastes has become a huge threat to the environment and human health. Chemical Recycle of PET is a sustainable way to release 1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid (BDC) the monomer of PET as common used organic linker for synthesis of functional Metal-organic-frameworks (PET-derived MOFs) such as UiO ...

The results show that the hydrophilic MOF based composites exhibited higher heat storage density than the hydrophobic MOF based composites, due to the higher water sorption capacity. The energy storage capacity values for the MIL-101(Cr)-SO₃H/CaCl₂ and MIL-101(Cr)-NH₂/CaCl₂ are 1274 J/g and 1205 J/g

Herein, the feasibility of thermal energy storage using seven MOF-ammonia working pairs is experimentally assessed. From ammonia sorption stability and sorption thermodynamics results, it is found that MIL-101(Cr) exhibits both high ammonia sorption ...

Synergistic ionic liquid encapsulated MIL-101 (Cr) metal-organic frameworks for an innovative adsorption desalination system. Author links open ... (Al) MOFs to boost water adsorption and thermal energy storage for heat transformations. Chem. Eng. J. (2023) B. Han et al. Recent advances in metal-organic frameworks for adsorption heat ...

To assure thermal reliability and compatibility in thermal energy storage system application, SA@MIL-101(Cr)-NH₂@(Cr)-S-Si@SiO₂ (PCM2) was heated in a 75 °C blast drying oven for 7 days. As shown in Fig. 7 d, the weight loss ratio of PCM2 before and after heating only differed by 0.2 %

Thermal energy storage (TES) is one of the efficient approaches for reusing large amounts of thermal energy by improving energy utilization using sensible and latent heat. ... Similar observations were previously reported for various composite PCMs such as PEG/CNT@Cr-MIL-101-NH₂ [42]. Notably, the porous structure of the MOF provided ...

The thermal energy storage density (reaching over 1200 kJ kg⁻¹) and coefficient of performance of MIL-101(Cr)-based system are both higher than ZIF-8(Zn)-based one due to larger average isosteric enthalpy

and cycle sorption capacity. This experimental work paves the way for developing the high efficient and stable thermal energy storage system ...

Construction of CNT@Cr-MIL-101-NH₂ hybrid composite for shape-stabilized phase change materials with enhanced thermal ... (PCMs) have been extensively characterized as promising energy materials for thermal energy storage and thermal management to address the mismatch between energy supply and demand in various energy systems. To overcome ...

With the gradual depletion of non-renewable energy sources, improving energy efficiency has become a main concern of scientific research. Energy storage technology can solve the problem of mismatching between energy supply and demand to further improve energy utilization [1]. Among the available strategies, latent heat thermal energy storage (LHTES) ...

Mil-101 (Cr) material is considered to be one of the most potential thermochemical energy storage materials in recent years. It has the advantages of typical S-type water adsorption isotherm. Has low working temperature and large water adsorption amount. However, the adsorption properties of the material need to be improved under low water pressure. In order to improve the ...

MIL-101(Cr) is one of the most well-studied chromium-based metal-organic frameworks, which consists of metal chromium ion and terephthalic acid ligand. It has an ultra-high specific surface area, large pore size, good thermal/chemical/water stability, and contains unsaturated Lewis acid sites in its structure. Due to the physicochemical properties and ...

Phase change material (PCM) is a suitable candidate for thermal energy storage as its high latent heat and narrow temperature fluctuations during phase change process. However, low thermal conductivity and poor shape stability seriously hinder the large-scale utilization of phase change materials. ... Construction of CNT@Cr-MIL-101-NH₂ hybrid ...

Thermal energy storage (TES) has become a worldwide research target to alleviate the reliance on fossil fuels, while also playing a significant role for utilizing renewable and waste heat that could contribute to the reduction of CO₂ emissions [1]. ... Aluminum metal-organic frameworks (MIL-101 ...

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