

# The planets names

Facts about the Planets. Mercury's craters are named after famous artists, musicians and authors.; Venus is the hottest planet in the solar system.; Earth's atmosphere protects us from meteoroids and radiation from the Sun. ; There have been more missions to Mars than any other planet.; Jupiter has more than double the mass of all the other planets combined. ...

The eight planets of the Solar System with size to scale (up to down, left to right): Saturn, Jupiter, Uranus, Neptune (outer planets), Earth, Venus, Mars, and Mercury (inner planets). A planet is a large, rounded astronomical body that is generally required to be in orbit around a star, stellar remnant, or brown dwarf, and is not one itself. [1] The Solar System has eight planets by the ...

There are currently 181 known moons in our solar system orbiting the various planets and dwarf planets. Of the 13 planets and dwarf planets, there are four which don't have any moons. These are the planets Mercury and Venus, and the dwarf planets Ceres and Makemake.

For a list of geophysical planets in the Solar System, see: List of gravitationally rounded objects of the Solar System This also includes a list of the eight planets according to the IAU definition. For a list of objects in the Solar System once but no longer generally considered planets, see: List of former planets For a list of objects in the Solar System, including planets, that have been ...

There are eight planets in the solar system: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune. The four inner solar system planets (Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars) fall under the category of terrestrial planets; Jupiter and Saturn are gas giants (giant plants composed mostly of hydrogen and helium) while Uranus and Neptune are the ice giants ...

The Solar System [d] is the gravitationally bound system of the Sun and the objects that orbit it. [11] It formed about 4.6 billion years ago when a dense region of a molecular cloud collapsed, forming the Sun and a protoplanetary disc. The Sun is a typical star that maintains a balanced equilibrium by the fusion of hydrogen into helium at its core, releasing this energy from its ...

As the term is applied to bodies in Earth's solar system, the International Astronomical Union (IAU) lists eight planets orbiting the Sun. Pluto also was listed as a planet until 2006. This is a list of selected planets. (See also astronomy; infrared astronomy; planetarium; radio and radar astronomy; ultraviolet astronomy.) planets of the ...

Planet Nine or Planet 9 is the temporary name of an undiscovered planet whose existence is predicted based on the gravitational effects on bodies at the extreme edge of the solar system. According to these effects, some astronomers estimate the undiscovered planet is about the same size as Neptune. If it exists, Planet Nine could

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be a captured ...

Red dwarfs are some of the smallest and coolest stars in the universe. A distant planet orbits the star. This planet is too far away to feel what little heat the star generates. It is one of the coolest planets discovered in the universe, with a freezing surface temperature of  $-220^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-364^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). The entire planet is covered in a thick layer of ice.

Aphrodite is the Greek name of the planet Venus, which is named after Aphrodite, the goddess of Love. Mars - Aris. Aris is the Greek name of the planet Mars, the fourth planet from the sun, also known as the Red planet. Aris or Ares was the Greek god of War. Jupiter - Dias. Jupiter, the fifth planet from the sun, is the largest planet in ...

5 days ago#0183; Solar system - Planets, Moons, Orbits: The eight planets can be divided into two distinct categories on the basis of their densities (mass per unit volume). The four inner, or terrestrial, planets--Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars--have rocky compositions and densities greater than 3 grams per cubic cm. (Water has a density of 1 gram per cubic cm.) In contrast, ...

Mars, the red planet, is the seventh largest planet in our solar system. Mars is about half the width of Earth, and has an equatorial diameter of about 4,221 miles (6,792 kilometers). Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun, orbiting at an average distance of 141.6 million miles (227.9 million kilometers).

Terrestrial planets. Mercury - The planet with the second highest temperature in the Solar System and the closest planet to the Sun.; Venus - The warmest planet. Sometimes called "Earth's twin" because Venus and Earth are very similar. Earth - The only planet that is known to have life. It has one natural satellite, the Moon.; Mars - Sometimes called the "red planet" and "the brother ...

4 days ago#0183; Our solar system is home to eight amazing planets. Some are small and rocky; others are big and gassy. Some are so hot that metals would melt on the surface. Others are freezing cold. We're learning new things about our neighboring planets all the time. We send spacecraft to take pictures, gather information, and find out more about them.

The gas planets are composed primarily of hydrogen and helium and generally have low densities, rapid rotation, deep atmospheres, rings and lots of satellites. by size: small planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars. The small planets have diameters less than 13000 km. giant planets: Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune.

In 2006, the IAU passed a resolution that defined planet and established a new category, dwarf planet. Eris, Ceres, Pluto, and two more recently discovered KBOs named Haumea and Makemake, are the dwarf planets recognized by the IAU. There may be another 100 dwarf planets in the solar system and hundreds more in and just outside the Kuiper Belt.

A star that hosts planets orbiting around it is called a planetary system, or a stellar system, if more than two

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stars are present. Our planetary system is called the Solar System, referencing the name of our Sun, and it hosts eight planets.. The eight planets in our Solar System, in order from the Sun, are the four terrestrial planets Mercury, Venus, Earth, and ...

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Names of all the Planets of the Solar System. This page shows the names of all the planets and also the names of the currently known moons. It also lists the names and locations of each Planet and Satellite discoverer (if known) and provides the meaning/derivation for each name. The planets are in order of the date of discovery.

Planet classification. There are four main categories of classifications when determining the type of celestial body an object is. These classifications are: terrestrial planets (Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars), gas giants (Jupiter and Saturn), ice giants (Uranus and Neptune), and dwarf planets (Pluto, Eris, Haumea, and Makemake).Ceres at this current time is still labeled as an asteroid ...

Instead, seeing the new planet's blue tint, astronomers named it Neptune after the Roman god of the sea. Back when there was a ninth planet, Pluto was named for the Roman god of the underworld. This was fitting. The former planet is the farthest world from the Sun. Today, Pluto is called a dwarf planet. Who gets to name the planets now?

Here is a rundown on the 9 planets of the solar system: 1. Mercury. Mercury is the smallest planet in the solar system, approximately 3000 miles (4850 km) in diameter, hardly larger than the moon. Despite being the smallest, it's extremely dense. In fact, it's the second densest planet after Earth.

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