SOLAR PRO.

Ton 618 compared to the solar system

Is TON 618 smaller than the Sun?

Earth, while still sizable compared to human scales, is much smaller in comparison to both TON 618 and the Sun. TON 618 possesses an extraordinary mass, harboring a supermassive black hole at its core. This characteristic sets it apart from the Sun and Earth.

What is TON 618's luminosity?

TON 618's luminosity is 40 billion times greater than the Sun's. The supermassive black hole powering TON 618 has an estimated mass of 6.6 billion solar masses. TON 618's Schwarzschild radius is approximately 1,300 astronomical units.

How much energy does TON 618 emit?

TON 618 is a powerhouse of energy emission. The quasar emits 4 x 10⁴⁰ wattsof brightness, powered by its enormous central black hole with an event horizon measuring 390 astronomical units in diameter. When was TON 618 discovered? TON 618 was discovered in 1957 by astronomers Enrique Chavira and Braulio Iriarte.

Why is TON 618 not visible from Earth?

Given its observed redshift of 2.219,the light travel time of TON 618 is estimated to be approximately 10.8 billion years. Due to the brilliance of the central quasar,the surrounding galaxy is outshone by it and hence is not visible from Earth.

Why is TON 618 so difficult to study?

In the case of TON 618,the quasar's extreme brightnessposes an additional challenge,as the intense radiation can outshine the host galaxy,making it difficult to study the galaxy's properties and the black hole's impact on its surroundings.

Was TON 618 a quasar?

Maarten Schmidt observed TON 618 during the 1950s. Schmidt would later go on to discover the first confirmed quasar, 3C 273, in 1963. Radio emissions from TON 618 were discovered in 1970 using the Owens Valley Radio Observatory. These radio emissions indicated TON 618 was a quasar, not a star as initially thought.

One of the largest black holes to be ever discovered, TON 618 stands at a whopping 66 billion solar masses(one solar mass= mass of the sun)! This black hole is the "engine" of a quasar (an extremely luminous active galactic centre/nucleus) and feeds on intensely hot gas and matter orbiting around its accretion disk.

Quasar TON 618 - The Second Largest Black Hole In The Universe ... Solar system: Extremely wide field: Star trails: Northern lights: Noctilucent clouds: Landscape: Artificial satellite: Distribution of data sources. This table shows the distribution of awards per data source, compared to the popularity of images acquired

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from that data source ...

"From this measure, the mass of the central black hole of TON 618 is at least 66 billion solar masses.[2] This is considered one of the highest masses ever recorded for such an object; higher than the mass of all stars in the Milky Way galaxy combined, which is 64 billion solar masses,[8] and 15,300 times more massive than Sagittarius A*, our galaxy"s central black hole.

In this comparison, we'll delve into the fascinating worlds of Vy Canis Majoris, Sirius, and Ton 618, each offering a unique glimpse into the wonders of space. Ton 618 vs Vy Canis Majoris vs Sirius. Here's a concise comparison of Vy Canis Majoris, Sirius, and Ton 618: Vy Canis Majoris: Red supergiant star; Enormous size, 1,800 times Sun's radius

Spanning an immense diameter, TON 618 stands as a testament to the colossal wonders of the cosmos. Its expansive reach eclipses that of numerous stars and galaxies. In the face of its impressive dimensions, even the largest stars in our own galaxy appear diminutive.

The earth is being pulled by everything at once: the moon, the sun, the galaxy, the other planets, TON 618, ... It's just that this force depends on the mass of the objects and their distance. The earth is mainly pulled by the sun because, ...

The movie ends with TON 618, one of a handful of extremely distant and massive black holes for which astronomers have direct measurements. This behemoth contains more than 60 billion solar masses, and it boasts a shadow so large that a beam of light would take weeks ...

The earth is being pulled by everything at once: the moon, the sun, the galaxy, the other planets, TON 618, ... It's just that this force depends on the mass of the objects and their distance. The earth is mainly pulled by the sun because, even if not the heaviest object, is extremely close to others compared to the others.

The event horizon radii of these black holes are also immense, with TON 618"s radius estimated to be around 195 billion kilometers. The Phoenix-A black hole has an estimated diameter of 5 million light-years, traversing its entire circumference at the speed of light would take a staggering 5 million years.

TON 618"s diameter is a cosmic marvel that sparks intrigue and questions about the nature of celestial structures. TON 618 Mass. At the heart of TON 618 resides a supermassive black hole of staggering proportions, boasting a mass of around 66 billion times that of our Sun. This immense mass gives rise to the gravitational forces that govern the ...

Definition and Scale. Ton 618 stands as a supermassive black hole nestled within the heart of a distant galaxy. Its staggering mass is estimated to be billions of times that of our sun. On the other hand, the Milky Way is the galaxy we call home, containing billions of stars, planets, and other celestial bodies. It spans a diameter of around 100,000 light-years, making ...



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Comparing the Colossi: Phoenix A, Ton 618, and UY Scuti. Size and Scale: Phoenix A's vastness extends over millions of light-years, while Ton 618's mass eclipses that of entire galaxies. UY Scuti, a red supergiant, boasts a colossal diameter. Distance from Earth: Phoenix A's light travels billions of years to reach us, whereas Ton 618's brilliance originates ...

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